

# Prospectus

February 28, 2019

---

DFA INVESTMENT DIMENSIONS GROUP INC.

---

## **DFA Commodity Strategy Portfolio (DCMSX)**

This Prospectus describes the Institutional Class shares of the DFA Commodity Strategy Portfolio which:  
Are for long-term investors.  
Is generally only available to institutional investors and clients of registered investment advisors.  
Does not charge sales commission or load.

Beginning on January 1, 2021, as permitted by regulations adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission, paper copies of the Portfolio's annual and semi-annual shareholder reports will no longer be sent by mail, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports from the Portfolio or from your financial intermediary. Instead, the reports will be made available on the Portfolio's website, and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report.

If you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically, you will not be affected by this change and you need not take any action. You may elect to receive shareholder reports and other communications electronically from the Portfolio anytime by contacting the Portfolio's transfer agent at (888) 576-1167 or by contacting your financial intermediary.

You may elect to receive all future shareholder reports in paper free of charge. You can inform the Portfolio that you wish to continue receiving paper copies of your shareholder reports by contacting your financial intermediary or, if you invest directly with the Portfolio, by calling (888) 576-1167, to let the Portfolio know of your request. Your election to receive reports in paper will apply to all DFA Funds held directly or to all funds held through your financial intermediary.

*The Securities and Exchange Commission and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission have not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.*



# Table of Contents

DFA Commodity Strategy Portfolio .....	1
Investment Objective .....	1
Fees and Expenses of the Portfolio .....	1
Principal Investment Strategies .....	1
Principal Risks .....	2
Performance .....	5
Investment Advisor/Portfolio Management .....	6
Purchase and Redemption of Fund Shares .....	7
Tax Information .....	7
Payments to Financial Intermediaries .....	7
Additional Information on Investment Objective and Policies .....	8
Investments in Commodity-Linked Derivative Instruments .....	8
Investments in the Subsidiary .....	9
Investments in Fixed Income Securities .....	10
Additional Information Regarding Investment Risks .....	12
Other Information .....	12
Commodity Pool Operator Information .....	12
Securities Loans .....	12
Securities Lending Revenue .....	13
Management of the Fund .....	13
Management Fees .....	14
Shareholder Services .....	16
Fee Waiver and Expense Assumption Agreement .....	16
Dividends, Capital Gains Distributions and Taxes .....	16
Purchase of Shares .....	19
Cash Purchases .....	19
In-Kind Purchases .....	20
Policy Regarding Excessive or Short-Term Trading .....	20
Valuation of Shares .....	23
Net Asset Value .....	23
Public Offering Price .....	24
Exchange of Shares .....	24
Redemption of Shares .....	25
Redemption Procedure .....	25
Redemption of Small Accounts .....	26
In-Kind Redemptions .....	26
Disclosure of Portfolio Holdings .....	26
Delivery of Shareholder Documents .....	26
Financial Highlights .....	27

[THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

# DFA Commodity Strategy Portfolio

## Investment Objective

The investment objective of the DFA Commodity Strategy Portfolio (the "Portfolio") is to seek total return consisting of capital appreciation and current income.

## Fees and Expenses of the Portfolio

This table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Portfolio.

**Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment):** None

**Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)**

Management Fee	0.30%
Other Expenses	0.02%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.32%

### EXAMPLE

This Example is meant to help you compare the cost of investing in the Portfolio with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Portfolio for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Portfolio's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$33	\$103	\$180	\$406

### PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Portfolio pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Portfolio shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Portfolio's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Portfolio's portfolio turnover rate was 78% of the average value of its investment portfolio.

## Principal Investment Strategies

The Portfolio seeks to achieve its investment objective by generally investing in a universe of allowable commodity-linked derivative instruments and fixed income investment opportunities. The Portfolio gains exposure to commodities markets by investing in derivative instruments, such as structured notes whose principal and/or coupon payments are linked to commodities or commodity indices, in swap agreements, and/or in other commodity-linked instruments (such as futures contracts on individual commodities or commodity indices). The Portfolio may invest up to 25% of its total assets in Dimensional Cayman Commodity Fund I Ltd. (the "Subsidiary"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Portfolio formed in the Cayman Islands, which has the same investment objective as the Portfolio and has a strategy of investing in derivative instruments, such as commodity-linked swap agreements and other commodity-linked instruments, futures contracts on individual

commodities or commodity indices, and options on these instruments. The Portfolio, directly and/or through its investment in the Subsidiary, expects to use such derivatives extensively as part of its investment strategy.

The Portfolio will invest in obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. and foreign governments, their agencies and instrumentalities, bank obligations, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, obligations of other domestic and foreign issuers having investment grade ratings (e.g., rated AAA to BBB- by S&P Global Ratings ("S&P") or Fitch Ratings Ltd. ("Fitch") or Aaa to Baa3 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's")), securities of domestic or foreign issuers denominated in U.S. dollars but not trading in the United States, and obligations of supranational organizations. At the present time, Dimensional Fund Advisors LP (the "Advisor") expects that most fixed income investments will be made in the obligations of issuers that are located in developed countries. However, in the future, the Advisor anticipates investing in issuers located in other countries as well. The fixed income securities in which the Portfolio invests are considered investment grade at the time of purchase. In addition, the Portfolio is authorized to invest more than 25% of its total assets in U.S. Treasury bonds, bills and notes, and obligations of federal agencies and instrumentalities.

The Portfolio's fixed income securities primarily will mature within five years from the date of settlement, and the Portfolio maintains an average portfolio duration of three years or less. Duration is a measure of the sensitivity of a security's price to changes in interest rates. The longer a security's duration, the more sensitive it will be to changes in interest rates. Similarly, a portfolio with a longer average portfolio duration will be more sensitive to changes in interest rates than a fund with a shorter average portfolio duration. In making purchase decisions, if the expected term premium is greater for longer-term securities in the eligible maturity range, the Advisor will focus investment in the longer-term area, otherwise, the Portfolio will focus investment in the shorter-term area of the eligible maturity range.

The Portfolio's investments may include foreign securities denominated in foreign currencies. The Portfolio intends to hedge foreign currency exposure to protect against uncertainty in the level of future foreign currency rates, to hedge against fluctuations in currency exchange rates or to transfer balances from one currency to another. The Portfolio may hedge such currency exposure by entering into foreign currency forward contracts. In regard to currency hedging, it is generally not possible to precisely match the foreign currency exposure of such foreign currency forward contracts to the value of the securities involved due to fluctuations in the market values of such securities and cash flows into and out of the Portfolio between the date a foreign currency forward contract is entered into and the date it expires. The Portfolio also may enter into credit default swaps on issuers or indices to buy or sell credit protection to hedge its credit exposure, gain market or issuer exposure without owning the underlying securities, or increase the Portfolio's expected total return. The Portfolio may also use futures contracts and options on futures contracts to adjust market exposure based on actual or expected cash inflows to or outflows from the Portfolio.

The Portfolio may lend its portfolio securities to generate additional income.

## Principal Risks

Because the value of your investment in the Portfolio will fluctuate, there is the risk that you will lose money. An investment in the Portfolio is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The following is a description of principal risks of investing in the Portfolio.

**Market Risk:** Even a long-term investment approach cannot guarantee a profit. Economic, political, and issuer-specific events will cause the value of securities, and the Portfolio that owns them, to rise or fall.

**Commodity Risk:** The value of commodity-linked derivative instruments may be affected by changes in overall market movements, commodity index volatility, changes in interest rates, or factors affecting a particular industry or commodity, such as drought, floods, weather, livestock disease, embargoes, tariffs, and international economic, political, and regulatory developments.

**Derivatives Risk:** Derivatives can be used for hedging (attempting to reduce risk by offsetting one investment position with another) or non-hedging purposes. While hedging can reduce or eliminate losses, it also can reduce or eliminate gains or cause losses if the market moves in a manner different from that anticipated by the Portfolio or if the cost of the derivative outweighs the benefit of the hedge. The use of derivatives for non-hedging purposes may be considered to carry more risk than other types of investments. When the Portfolio uses derivatives, the Portfolio will be directly exposed to the risks of those derivatives. Derivative instruments are subject to a number of risks, including commodity, counterparty, correlation, interest rate, liquidity, market, credit and management risks, as well as the risk of improper valuation. The Portfolio also may use derivatives for leverage. The Portfolio's use of derivatives, particularly commodity-linked derivatives, involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. Use of leveraged commodity-linked derivatives creates an opportunity for increased return but, at the same time, creates the possibility for greater loss (including the likelihood of greater volatility of the Portfolio's net asset value), and there can be no assurance that the Portfolio's use of leverage will be successful. Changes in the value of a derivative may not correlate perfectly with the underlying asset, rate, or index, and the Portfolio could lose more than the principal amount invested. For example, potential losses from commodity-linked notes or swap agreements can be unlimited. Additional risks are associated with the use of credit default swaps, including counterparty and credit risk (the risk that the other party to a swap agreement will not fulfill its contractual obligations, whether because of bankruptcy or other default) and liquidity risk (the possible lack of a secondary market for the swap agreement). Also, suitable derivative transactions may not be available in all circumstances and there can be no assurance that the Portfolio will engage in these transactions to reduce exposure to other risks when that would be beneficial.

**Focus Risk:** The Portfolio may be exposed, from time to time, to the performance of a small number of commodity sectors (e.g., energy, metals or agricultural), which may represent a large portion of the Portfolio. As a result, the Portfolio may be subject to greater volatility than if the Portfolio were more broadly diversified among commodity sectors.

**Foreign Securities and Currencies Risk:** Foreign securities prices may decline or fluctuate because of: (a) economic or political actions of foreign governments, and/or (b) less regulated or liquid securities markets. Investors holding these securities may also be exposed to foreign currency risk (the possibility that foreign currency will fluctuate in value against the U.S. dollar or that a foreign government will convert, or be forced to convert, its currency to another currency, changing its value against the U.S. dollar). The Portfolio seeks to hedge foreign currency exposure.

**Foreign Government Debt Risk:** The risk that: (a) the governmental entity that controls the repayment of government debt may not be willing or able to repay the principal and/or to pay the interest when it becomes due, due to factors such as political considerations, the relative size of the governmental entity's debt position in relation to the economy, cash flow problems, insufficient foreign currency reserves, the failure to put in place economic reforms required by the International Monetary Fund or other multilateral agencies, and/or other national economic factors; (b) governments may default on their debt securities, which may require holders of such securities to participate in debt rescheduling; and (c) there is no legal or bankruptcy process by which defaulted government debt may be collected in whole or in part.

**Interest Rate Risk:** Fixed income securities are subject to interest rate risk because the prices of fixed income securities tend to move in the opposite direction of interest rates. When interest rates rise, fixed income security prices fall. When interest rates fall, fixed income security prices rise. In general, fixed income securities with longer maturities are more sensitive to changes in interest rates.

**Credit Risk:** Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a security, or the counterparty to an agreement or contract, including a derivative instrument, such as a credit default swap, may be unable or unwilling to meet its financial obligations. A downgrade to an issuer's credit rating or a perceived change in an issuer's financial strength may affect a security's value, and thus, impact the Portfolio's performance. Government agency obligations have different levels of credit support and, therefore, different degrees of credit risk. Securities issued by agencies and instrumentalities of the U.S. Government that are supported by the full faith and credit of the United States, such as the Federal Housing Administration and Ginnie Mae, present little credit risk. Other securities issued by agencies and instrumentalities sponsored by the U.S. Government, that are supported only by the issuer's right

to borrow from the U.S. Treasury, subject to certain limitations, and securities issued by agencies and instrumentalities sponsored by the U.S. Government that are sponsored by the credit of the issuing agencies, such as Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae, are subject to a greater degree of credit risk. U.S. government agency securities issued or guaranteed by the credit of the agency may still involve a risk of non-payment of principal and/or interest.

**Call Risk:** Call risk is the risk that during periods of falling interest rates, a bond issuer will call or repay a higher-yielding bond before its maturity date, forcing the Portfolio to reinvest in bonds with lower interest rates than the original obligations.

**Liquidity Risk:** Certain portfolio holdings, such as commodity-linked derivative instruments and swap agreements, may be difficult or impossible to sell at the time and the price that the Portfolio would like. The Portfolio may have to lower the price, sell other holdings instead, or forego an investment opportunity. Any of these could have a negative effect on management of the Portfolio or the Portfolio's performance.

**Subsidiary Risk:** By investing in the Subsidiary, the Portfolio is indirectly exposed to the risks associated with the Subsidiary's investments. The derivatives and other investments held by the Subsidiary are generally similar to those that are permitted to be held by the Portfolio and are subject to the same risks that apply to similar investments if held directly by the Portfolio. These risks are described elsewhere in this Prospectus. There can be no assurance that the investment objective of the Subsidiary will be achieved. The Subsidiary is not registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), and, unless otherwise noted in this Prospectus, is not subject to all of the investor protections of the 1940 Act. However, the Portfolio wholly owns and controls the Subsidiary, and the Portfolio and the Subsidiary are both managed by the Advisor, making it unlikely that the Subsidiary will take action contrary to the interests of the Portfolio and its shareholders. The Board of Directors of DFA Investment Dimensions Group Inc. (the "Fund") has oversight responsibility for the investment activities of the Portfolio, including its investment in the Subsidiary, and the Portfolio's role as the sole shareholder of the Subsidiary. The Subsidiary will be subject to investment restrictions and limitations and compliance policies and procedures substantially similar to those imposed on the Portfolio by the 1940 Act. Changes in the laws of the United States and/or the Cayman Islands could result in the inability of the Portfolio and/or the Subsidiary to continue to operate as it does currently and could adversely affect the Portfolio. For example, the Cayman Islands currently do not impose any income, corporate, or capital gains tax, estate duty, inheritance tax, gift tax, or withholding tax on the Subsidiary. If Cayman Islands law changes, such that the Subsidiary must pay Cayman Islands taxes, Portfolio shareholders likely would suffer decreased investment returns.

**Tax Risk:** The tax treatment of commodity-linked derivative instruments may be adversely affected by changes in legislation, regulations or other legally binding authority. If, as a result of any such adverse action, the income of the Portfolio from certain commodity-linked derivatives was treated as non-qualifying income, the Portfolio might fail to qualify as a regulated investment company and be subject to federal income tax at the Portfolio level. As a regulated investment company, the Portfolio must derive at least 90% of its gross income for each taxable year from sources treated as qualifying income under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Portfolio has obtained a private letter ruling from the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") confirming that the income the Portfolio derives from a form of commodity-linked note and the Subsidiary constitutes qualifying income under the Code. In September 2016 the IRS announced that it will no longer issue private letter rulings on questions relating to the treatment of a corporation as a regulated investment company that require a determination of whether a financial instrument or position is a security under section 2(a)(36) of the 1940 Act. (A financial instrument or position that constitutes a security under section 2(a)(36) of the 1940 Act generates qualifying income for a corporation taxed as a regulated investment company.) In connection with this announcement the IRS issued a letter to the Portfolio revoking the portion of the Portfolio's private letter ruling regarding the treatment of commodity-linked notes held directly by the Portfolio retroactively to all years open under the statute of limitations on assessments as of January 17, 2017 (the date of the letter). Despite the ruling, the Portfolio historically has not invested directly in commodity-linked notes. As a result of the foregoing, the Portfolio may invest in commodity-linked notes only indirectly through the Subsidiary. Additionally, in September 2016, the IRS issued proposed regulations that would require the Subsidiary to distribute its "Subpart F" income (defined in Section 951 of the Code to include passive income such as income from commodity-linked derivatives) each year in order for the Portfolio to treat that income as qualifying income. If the Portfolio does not



appropriately limit such investments or if such investments (or the income earned on such investments) were to be recharacterized for U.S. tax purposes, the Portfolio could fail to qualify as a regulated investment company. In this event, the Portfolio's Board of Directors may authorize a significant change in investment strategy or Portfolio liquidation. The Portfolio will notify shareholders in advance of any significant change in investment strategy or a liquidation of the Portfolio. In lieu of potential disqualification, the Portfolio is permitted to pay a tax for certain failures to satisfy the income requirement, which, in general, are limited to those due to reasonable cause and not willful neglect. The Portfolio also may incur transaction and other costs to comply with any new or additional guidance from the IRS. For more information, please see the "**TAXATION OF THE PORTFOLIO AND ITS SHAREHOLDERS**" section in the Portfolio's Statement of Additional Information.

**Leveraging Risk:** Certain transactions that the Portfolio may enter into may give rise to a form of leverage. Such transactions may include, among others, structured notes, swap agreements, futures contracts, and loans of portfolio securities. The use of leverage may cause the Portfolio to liquidate portfolio positions when it may not be advantageous to do so to satisfy its obligations or to meet segregation requirements. Leverage may cause the Portfolio to be more volatile than if the Portfolio had not been leveraged. This is because leverage tends to exaggerate the effect of any increase or decrease in the value of the Portfolio's portfolio securities.

**Regulatory Risk:** Governments, agencies, or other regulatory bodies may adopt or change laws or regulations that could adversely affect the issuer, the market value of the security, or the Portfolio's performance.

**Valuation Risk:** The lack of an active trading market may make it difficult to obtain an accurate price for a security held by the Portfolio. Many commodity-linked derivative instruments are not actively traded.

**Securities Lending Risk:** Securities lending involves the risk that the borrower may fail to return the securities in a timely manner or at all. As a result, the Portfolio may lose money and there may be a delay in recovering the loaned securities. The Portfolio could also lose money if the Portfolio does not recover the securities and/or the value of the collateral falls, including the value of investments made with cash collateral. Securities lending also may have certain adverse tax consequences.

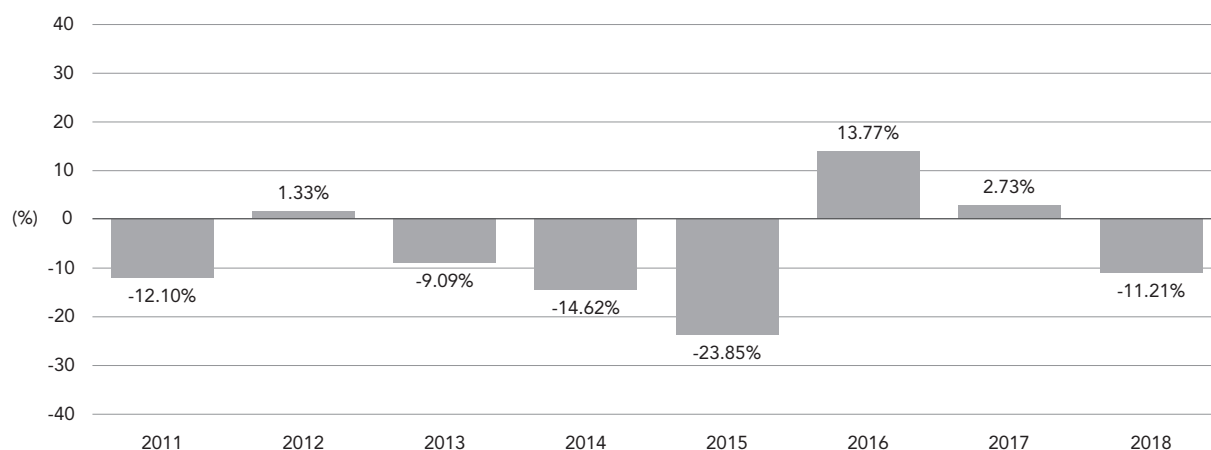
**Cyber Security Risk:** The Portfolio's and its service providers' use of internet, technology and information systems may expose the Portfolio to potential risks linked to cyber security breaches of those technological or information systems. Cyber security breaches, amongst other things, could allow an unauthorized party to gain access to proprietary information, customer data, or fund assets, or cause the Portfolio and/or its service providers to suffer data corruption or lose operational functionality.

## Performance

The bar chart and table immediately following illustrate the variability of the Portfolio's returns and are meant to provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Portfolio. The bar chart shows the changes in the Portfolio's performance from year to year. The table illustrates how annualized one year, five year and since inception returns, both before and after taxes, compare with those of a broad measure of market performance. The Portfolio's past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future results. Updated performance information for the Portfolio can be obtained by visiting <http://us.dimension.com>.

The after-tax returns presented in the table for the Portfolio are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown in the table. In addition, the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold shares of the Portfolio through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

## DFA Commodity Strategy Portfolio Institutional Class Shares—Total Returns



### January 2011-December 2018

Highest Quarter  
12.88% (4/16–6/16)

Lowest Quarter  
-14.31% (7/15–9/15)

### Annualized Returns (%)

Periods ending December 31, 2018

	1 Year	5 Years	Since 11/09/10 Inception
<b>DFA Commodity Strategy Portfolio</b>			
Return Before Taxes	-11.21%	-7.57%	-6.64%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-11.77%	-8.14%	-7.07%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Portfolio Shares	-6.62%	-5.75%	-4.86%
<b>Bloomberg Commodity Index Total Return</b>			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes on sales)	-11.25%	-8.80%	-7.93%

## Investment Advisor/Portfolio Management

Dimensional Fund Advisors LP serves as the investment advisor for the Portfolio. Dimensional Fund Advisors Ltd. and DFA Australia Limited serve as the sub-advisors for the Portfolio. The following individuals are responsible for coordinating the day-to-day management of the Portfolio:

- **David A. Plecha**, Senior Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor, has been a portfolio manager of the Portfolio since inception (2010).
- **Joseph F. Kolerich**, Senior Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor, has been a portfolio manager of the Portfolio since 2012.
- **Alan R. Hutchison**, Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor, has been a portfolio manager of the Portfolio since 2015.

## Purchase and Redemption of Fund Shares

Investors may purchase or redeem shares of the Portfolio on each day that the NYSE is scheduled to be open for business by first contacting the Portfolio's transfer agent at (888) 576-1167. Shareholders that invest in the Portfolio through a financial intermediary should contact their financial intermediary regarding purchase and redemption procedures. The Portfolio generally is available for investment only by institutional clients, clients of registered investment advisors, clients of financial institutions and a limited number of certain other investors as approved from time to time by the Advisor. All investments are subject to approval of the Advisor.

## Tax Information

The dividends and distributions you receive from the Portfolio are taxable and generally will be taxed as ordinary income, capital gains, or some combination of both, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account, in which case distributions may be taxed as ordinary income when withdrawn from the plan or account.

## Payments to Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase the Portfolio through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Portfolio and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of the Portfolio shares and/or related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the financial intermediary to recommend the Portfolio over another investment. Ask your financial advisor or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## Additional Information on Investment Objective and Policies

The investment company described in this Prospectus offers a variety of investment portfolios. Each of the investment company's portfolios has its own investment objective and is the equivalent of a separate mutual fund. The Portfolio described in this Prospectus is designed for long-term investors. The investment objective of the Portfolio is to seek total return consisting of capital appreciation and current income.

The Portfolio invests in commodity-linked derivative instruments, such as commodity-linked structured notes, swap agreements, commodity options, futures, and options on futures that provide exposure to the investment returns of the commodities markets without investing directly in physical commodities. The Portfolio will limit its direct investments in commodity-linked derivatives, including swaps, futures, and options, such that the income derived from such commodity-linked derivatives is limited to a maximum of 10% of the Portfolio's annual gross income. If future regulatory or legislative changes alter the tax treatment of commodity-linked derivatives, the Portfolio may no longer be required to limit its direct investments in these instruments.

The Portfolio also may gain exposure to commodity markets by investing up to 25% of the Portfolio's total assets in the Subsidiary. The Subsidiary is advised by the Advisor and has the same investment objective as the Portfolio. The Subsidiary (unlike the Portfolio) may invest without certain limitations in commodity-linked notes, swap agreements, and other commodity-linked derivative instruments, including futures contracts on individual commodities or a subset of commodities and options on commodities. However, the Subsidiary will be subject to fundamental, non-fundamental, and certain investment restrictions and limitations substantially similar to those imposed on the Portfolio by the 1940 Act. If future regulatory or legislative changes alter the tax treatment of commodity-linked derivatives, the Portfolio may no longer invest in the Subsidiary.

The remainder of the Portfolio's assets (other than amounts invested in structured notes, swaps and other derivatives or the Subsidiary) is expected to consist predominantly of fixed income instruments. For the fixed income securities the Portfolio may purchase, please refer to "**Investments in Fixed Income Securities**," below. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio will maintain an average duration of the fixed income portion of the Portfolio (excluding structured notes) of three years or less. Duration is a measure of the sensitivity of a security's price to changes in interest rates. The longer a security's duration, the more sensitive it will be to changes in interest rates. Similarly, a portfolio with a longer average portfolio duration will be more sensitive to changes in interest rates than a fund with a shorter average portfolio duration. In general, greater sensitivity to changes in interest rates typically corresponds to higher volatility and higher risk. In making purchase decisions, if the expected term premium is greater for longer-term securities in the eligible maturity range, the Advisor will focus investment in the longer-term area, otherwise, the Portfolio will focus investment in the shorter-term area of the eligible maturity range.

### **INVESTMENTS IN COMMODITY-LINKED DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS**

The Portfolio's investments in commodity-linked derivative instruments will give the Portfolio exposure to the performance of a basket of commodity futures. The Portfolio's investment in commodity-linked derivative instruments may subject the Portfolio to greater volatility than investments in traditional securities, particularly if the instruments involve leverage. The prices of commodity-linked instruments may move in different directions than investments in traditional equity and debt securities or commodity spot prices. There can be no guarantee that the Portfolio's commodity-linked investments will not be correlated with traditional financial assets under any particular market conditions or correlated with commodity spot prices. Commodity-linked derivative instruments may not track the performance of commodity spot prices. In fact, commodity-linked structured notes may be structured in a way that results in the Portfolio's performance diverging from a commodity or commodity-index, perhaps materially. For example, a note can be structured to limit the loss or the gain on the investment, which would result in the Portfolio not participating in declines or increases in the underlying commodity or commodity index that exceed the limits.

In addition, 25% or more of the Portfolio's total assets may be indirectly exposed to industries in one or more commodity sectors. Further, the Portfolio can invest more than 25% of its total assets in instruments (such as structured notes) issued by companies in the financial services sector (which includes the banking, brokerage, and insurance industries). In that case, the Portfolio's values will fluctuate in response to events affecting issuers in those sectors.

The Portfolio invests in commodity-linked derivatives that are structured notes, futures, swaps and hybrid instruments.

The Portfolio typically will seek to gain exposure to the commodities markets by investing in commodity-linked structured notes with principal and/or coupon payments linked to the value of a commodity or a commodity index. These notes may be issued by U.S. and foreign banks, brokerage firms, insurance companies, and other corporations. These notes are debt securities of the issuer and so, in addition to fluctuating in response to changes in the underlying commodity, commodities, or commodity index, will be subject to credit and interest rate risks that typically affect debt securities. While structured notes typically are not rated, the Portfolio does not intend to enter into structured notes with issuers that do not have debt ratings of investment grade.

The use of commodity-linked structured notes and other derivatives strategies, such as swaps or futures, is a principal strategy of the Portfolio. Derivatives strategies and the writing of uncovered (or so-called “naked”) options are speculative and may hurt the Portfolio’s performance. The Portfolio may attempt to hedge its investments in order to mitigate risk, but the Portfolio is not required to do so. In the event that the Portfolio’s direct investment in commodity-linked derivatives is not limited in the future due to regulatory or legislative changes in the tax treatment of such derivatives, the Portfolio’s investment in commodity-linked derivatives may result in it having greater or lesser exposure to commodities than the value of the Portfolio’s net assets. Additional information about the Portfolio’s derivatives and options strategy and related risks is included in the Statement of Additional Information (the “SAI”).

#### **INVESTMENTS IN THE SUBSIDIARY**

The Portfolio may also gain exposure to commodity markets by investing up to 25% of its total assets in the Subsidiary. The Subsidiary invests primarily in commodity-linked derivative instruments, including swap agreements, commodity options, futures, and options on futures. Although the Portfolio may invest in these commodity-linked derivative instruments directly, the Portfolio may gain exposure to these derivative instruments indirectly by investing in the Subsidiary. To the extent that the Advisor believes that investing in the Subsidiary to provide exposure to these commodity-linked derivative instruments is better suited to provide exposure to the commodity market than commodity index-linked notes, the Portfolio’s investment in the Subsidiary likely will increase. The Subsidiary also will invest in fixed income instruments, some of which are intended to serve as margin or collateral for the Subsidiary’s derivatives position.

The derivative instruments in which the Portfolio and the Subsidiary intend to invest include instruments linked to commodity indices. Additionally, the Portfolio or the Subsidiary may invest in derivative instruments linked to the value of a particular commodity or commodity futures contract, or a subset of commodities or commodity futures contracts, including swaps on commodity futures. The Portfolio’s or the Subsidiary’s investments in commodity-linked derivative instruments may specify exposure to commodity futures with different roll dates, reset dates, weights or contract months than those specified by a particular commodity index. As a result, the commodity-linked derivatives component of the Portfolio’s investment portfolio may deviate from the returns of any particular commodity index. The Portfolio or the Subsidiary also may overweight or underweight its exposure to a particular commodity or a subset of commodities, such that the Portfolio has greater or lesser exposure than is represented by a particular commodity index. The portion of the Portfolio’s or Subsidiary’s assets exposed to any particular commodity or commodity sector will vary based on market conditions, but from time to time the portion could be substantial. To the extent that the Portfolio invests in the Subsidiary, the Portfolio may be subject to the risks associated with those derivative instruments and other securities, which are discussed elsewhere in this Prospectus.

The Subsidiary is managed pursuant to substantial similar compliance policies and procedures, as the policies and procedures adopted by the Portfolio pursuant to the 1940 Act. As a result, the Advisor, in managing the Subsidiary’s portfolio, is subject to the same 1940 Act investment policies and restrictions that apply to the management of the Portfolio and, in particular, to the requirements relating to portfolio leverage, liquidity, brokerage, and the timing and method of the valuation of the Subsidiary’s portfolio investments and shares of the Subsidiary. These policies and restrictions are described in detail in the Portfolio’s SAI. The Fund’s Chief Compliance Officer oversees implementation of the Subsidiary’s policies and procedures, and makes periodic reports to the Fund’s Board of Directors (the “Board”) regarding the Subsidiary’s compliance with its policies and

procedures. The internal guidelines of the Portfolio may be more restrictive than the investment policies described in this Prospectus. The Portfolio and Subsidiary will test for compliance with certain investment restrictions on a consolidated basis, except that with respect to the Subsidiary's investments that may involve leverage, the Subsidiary will comply with asset segregation requirements under the 1940 Act and the SEC's interpretations thereof to the same extent as the Portfolio. The Subsidiary's investments in commodity-linked derivatives may result in the Subsidiary having greater or lesser exposure to commodities than the value of the Subsidiary's net assets. A greater exposure to commodities than the value of the Subsidiary's net assets may require the Portfolio to make additional contributions of capital to the Subsidiary so that the Subsidiary can comply with the asset segregation requirements of the 1940 Act.

The Subsidiary has entered into a separate contract with the Advisor whereby the Advisor or its affiliates provide investment advisory and other services to the Subsidiary. For the investment advisory services it provides, the Advisor is entitled to a fee from the Subsidiary equal to 0.30% of the Subsidiary's average net assets on an annualized basis; however, pursuant to a contractual agreement, the Advisor has agreed to waive the management fee of the Subsidiary. Neither the Advisor nor any affiliate receives separate compensation from the Subsidiary for providing it with administrative services. The Portfolio pays the Advisor and its affiliates based on the Portfolio's assets, including the assets invested in the Subsidiary. The Subsidiary also has entered into separate contracts for the provision of custody, administrative, and accounting services with the same or with affiliates of the same service providers that provide those services to the Portfolio.

The financial statements of the Subsidiary are available in the Portfolio's annual and semi-annual reports on a consolidated basis with the Portfolio's financial statements. Please refer to the SAI for additional information about the organization and management of the Subsidiary.

#### **INVESTMENTS IN FIXED INCOME SECURITIES**

The following is a description of the categories of fixed income investments that may be acquired by the Portfolio:

1. *U.S. Government Obligations*—Debt securities issued by the U.S. Treasury that are direct obligations of the U.S. Government, including bills, notes and bonds. These securities may also be purchased on a "when-issued" basis.
2. *U.S. Government Agency Obligations*—Issued or guaranteed by U.S. government-sponsored instrumentalities and federal agencies, which have different levels of credit support. The U.S. government agency obligations include, but are not limited to, securities issued by agencies and instrumentalities of the U.S. Government that are supported by the full faith and credit of the United States, such as the Federal Housing Administration and Ginnie Mae, including Ginnie Mae mortgage pass-through securities. Other securities issued by agencies and instrumentalities sponsored by the U.S. Government may be supported only by the issuer's right to borrow from the U.S. Treasury, subject to certain limits, such as securities issued by Federal Home Loan Banks, or are supported only by the credit of such agencies, such as Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae, including their mortgage pass-through securities. These securities may also be purchased on a "when-issued" or "to-be-announced" basis, such as mortgage TBAs.
3. *Corporate Debt Obligations*—Corporate debt securities (e.g., bonds and debentures) and commodity-linked structured notes, which have received an investment grade rating by Moody's, Fitch, or S&P, or an equivalent rating assigned by another nationally recognized statistical rating organization ("NRSRO"), or if unrated, have been determined by the Advisor to be of comparable quality.
4. *Bank Obligations*—Obligations of U.S. banks and savings and loan associations and dollar-denominated obligations of U.S. subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks, such as commodity-linked structured notes, certificates of deposit (including marketable variable rate certificates of deposit), time deposits, and bankers' acceptances. Bank certificates of deposit will be acquired only from banks having assets in excess of \$1,000,000,000.
5. *Commercial Paper*—Rated, at the time of purchase, A3 or better by S&P or Prime3 or better by Moody's or F3 or better by Fitch, or an equivalent rating assigned by another NRSRO, or, if unrated, issued by a corporation having an outstanding unsecured debt issue rated at least Baa3 by Moody's or BBB- by S&P or Fitch.

6. *Repurchase Agreements*—Instruments through which the Portfolio purchases securities (“underlying securities”) from a bank, a registered U.S. government securities dealer, or such other counterparties with credit worthiness and other characteristics deemed appropriate by the Advisor, with an agreement by the seller to repurchase the securities at an agreed price, plus interest, at a specified rate. The underlying securities will be limited to U.S. government and agency obligations described in (1) and (2) above. The Portfolio will not enter into a repurchase agreement with a duration of more than seven days if, as a result, more than 10% of the value of the Portfolio’s total assets would be so invested. In addition, a repurchase agreement with a duration of more than seven days will be subject to the Portfolio’s investment restriction on illiquid investments. The Portfolio also will only invest in repurchase agreements with banks, U.S. government securities dealers, and/or other counterparties, as described above, that are approved by the Investment Committee of the Advisor. The Advisor will monitor the market value of the securities plus any accrued interest thereon so that they will at least equal the repurchase price.
7. *Foreign Government and Agency Obligations*—Bills, notes, bonds, and other debt securities issued or guaranteed by foreign governments, or their agencies and instrumentalities.
8. *Supranational Organization Obligations*—Debt securities of supranational organizations such as the European Investment Bank, the Inter-American Development Bank or the World Bank, which are chartered to promote economic development.
9. *Foreign Issuer Obligations*—Debt securities of non-U.S. issuers rated BBB- or better by S&P or Fitch, or Baa3 or better by Moody’s, or an equivalent rating assigned by another NRSRO, or, if unrated, have been determined by the Advisor to be of comparable quality.
10. *Eurodollar Obligations*—Debt securities of domestic or foreign issuers denominated in U.S. dollars but not trading in the United States.
11. *Money Market Funds*—The Portfolio may invest in affiliated and unaffiliated registered and unregistered money market funds. Investments in money market funds may involve a duplication of certain fees and expenses.

The Portfolio also may invest in exchange-traded funds (“ETFs”) and similarly structured pooled investments for the purpose of gaining exposure to commodity markets while maintaining liquidity. The Portfolio’s investments in the securities of other investment companies, including ETFs and money market funds, may involve the duplication of certain fees and expenses.

The categories of investments that may be acquired by the Portfolio may include both fixed and floating rate securities. Floating rate securities bear interest at rates that vary with prevailing market rates. Interest rate adjustments are made periodically (e.g., every six months), usually based on a money market index such as the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) or the Treasury bill rate.

The Portfolio’s fixed income investments will be managed with a view to capturing expected credit premiums and expected term premiums. The term “expected credit premium” means the anticipated incremental return on investment for holding obligations considered to have greater credit risk than direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury, and “expected term premium” means the anticipated relative return on investment for holding securities having maturities of longer than one month compared to securities having a maturity of one month. The Advisor believes that expected credit premiums are available largely through investment in commercial paper, certificates of deposit, and corporate obligations. The holding period for assets of the Portfolio will be chosen with a view to maximizing anticipated returns, net of trading costs.

The Portfolio may engage in frequent trading of portfolio securities and, therefore, is expected to have a high portfolio turnover rate. The rate of portfolio turnover will depend upon market and other conditions; it will not be a limiting factor when management believes that portfolio changes are appropriate. While the Portfolio generally acquires securities in principal transactions and, therefore, does not pay brokerage commissions, the spread between the bid and asked prices of a security may be considered to be a “cost” of trading. Such costs ordinarily increase with trading activity. However, securities ordinarily will be sold when, in the Advisor’s judgment, the monthly return of the Portfolio will be increased as a result of portfolio transactions after taking into account the cost of trading. It is anticipated that short-term instruments will be acquired in the primary and secondary markets. A high portfolio turnover rate may have negative tax consequences to shareholders and may result in increased trading costs.



The Portfolio normally will seek to hedge its exposure to foreign currencies to reduce the risk of loss due to fluctuations in currency exchange rates. The Portfolio will hedge its exposure to foreign currencies through the use of currency futures and options on futures, foreign currency forward contracts, and currency options.

In attempting to respond to adverse market, economic, political, or other conditions, the Portfolio may, from time to time, invest its assets in a temporary defensive manner that is inconsistent with the Portfolio's principal investment strategies. In these circumstances, the Portfolio may be unable to achieve its investment objective.

#### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REGARDING INVESTMENT RISKS**

Derivatives can be used for hedging (attempting to reduce risk by offsetting one investment position with another) or non-hedging purposes. While hedging can reduce or eliminate losses, it also can reduce or eliminate gains or cause losses if the market moves in a manner different from that anticipated by the Portfolio or if the cost of the derivative outweighs the benefit of the hedge. The use of derivatives for non-hedging purposes may be considered to carry more risk than other types of investments. When the Portfolio uses derivatives, the Portfolio will be directly exposed to the risks of those derivatives. Derivatives expose the Portfolio to counterparty risk (the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations), including credit risk of the derivative counterparty. The possible lack of a liquid secondary market for derivatives and the resulting inability of the Portfolio to sell or otherwise close a derivatives position could expose the Portfolio to losses and could make derivatives more difficult for the Portfolio to value accurately. Some derivatives are more sensitive to interest rate changes and market price fluctuations than other securities. The Portfolio could also suffer losses related to its derivatives positions as a result of unanticipated market movements, which losses are potentially unlimited. The Advisor may not be able to predict correctly the direction of securities prices, interest rates and other economic factors, which could cause the Portfolio's derivatives positions to lose value. Valuation of derivatives may also be more difficult in times of market turmoil since many investors and market makers may be reluctant to purchase derivatives or quote prices for them. Changes in the value of a derivative may not correlate perfectly with the underlying asset, rate or index, and the Portfolio could lose more than the principal amount invested.

## Other Information

#### **COMMODITY POOL OPERATOR INFORMATION**

The Advisor is registered as a "commodity pool operator" ("CPO") under the Commodity Exchange Act and the rules of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") and is subject to CFTC regulation with respect to the Portfolio. The CFTC has adopted rules regarding the disclosure, reporting and recordkeeping requirements that apply with respect to the Portfolio as a result of the Advisor's registration as a CPO. Generally, these rules allow for substituted compliance with CFTC disclosure and shareholder reporting requirements, based on the Advisor's compliance with comparable SEC requirements. This means that for most of the CFTC's disclosure and shareholder reporting requirements applicable to the Advisor as the Portfolio's CPO, the Advisor's compliance with SEC disclosure and shareholder reporting requirements will be deemed to fulfill the Advisor's CFTC compliance obligations. However, as a result of CFTC regulation with respect to the Portfolio, the Portfolio may incur additional compliance and other expenses. The CFTC has neither reviewed nor approved the Portfolio, its investment strategies, or this Prospectus.

## Securities Loans

The Portfolio is authorized to lend securities to qualified brokers, dealers, banks and other financial institutions for the purpose of earning additional income. While the Portfolio may earn additional income from lending securities, such activity is incidental to the investment objective of the Portfolio. The value of securities loaned may not exceed 33 1/3% of the value of the Portfolio's total assets, which includes the value of collateral received. To the extent the Portfolio loans a portion of its securities, the Portfolio will receive collateral consisting generally of cash or U.S. government securities. Collateral received will be maintained by marking to market daily and (i) in an amount equal to at least 100% of the current market value of the loaned securities with respect to securities of the U.S. Government or its agencies; (ii) in an amount generally equal to 102% of the current market value of the loaned securities with respect to U.S. securities; and (iii) in an amount generally equal to 105% of the



current market value of the loaned securities with respect to foreign securities. Subject to its stated investment policies, the Portfolio will generally invest the cash collateral it receives for its loaned securities in The DFA Short Term Investment Fund (the "Money Market Series"), an affiliated registered money market fund advised by the Advisor for which the Advisor receives a management fee of 0.05% of the average daily net assets of the Money Market Series. The Portfolio may also invest such collateral in securities of the U.S. Government or its agencies, repurchase agreements collateralized by securities of the U.S. Government or its agencies, and unaffiliated registered and unregistered money market funds. For purposes of this paragraph, agencies include both agency debentures and agency mortgage backed securities.

In addition, the Portfolio will be able to terminate the loan at any time and will receive reasonable interest on the loan, as well as amounts equal to any dividends, interest, or other distributions on the loaned securities. However, dividend income received from loaned securities may not be eligible to be taxed at qualified dividend income rates. The Portfolio will be entitled to recall a loaned security in time to vote proxies or otherwise obtain rights to vote proxies of loaned securities if the Portfolio knows a material event will occur. In the event of the bankruptcy of the borrower of the Portfolio's securities, the Fund could experience delay in recovering the loaned securities or only recover cash or a security of equivalent value. See "**Principal Risks—Securities Lending Risk**" for a discussion of the risks related to securities lending.

## Securities Lending Revenue

For fiscal year ended October 31, 2018, the Portfolio received the following net revenues from a securities lending program (see "**SECURITIES LOANS**"), which constituted a percentage of the average daily net assets of the Portfolio:

	Net Revenue*	Percentage of Net Assets
DFA Commodity Strategy Portfolio	\$76,792	0.00%

\* The amount shown above may differ from the amount shown disclosed in the Portfolio's annual report due to timing differences, reconciliations, and certain other adjustments.

## Management of the Fund

The Advisor serves as investment advisor to the Portfolio. Pursuant to an Investment Management Agreement with the Portfolio, the Advisor is responsible for the management of the Portfolio's assets. The Portfolio is managed using a team approach. The investment team includes the Investment Committee of the Advisor, portfolio managers, and trading personnel.

The Investment Committee is composed primarily of certain officers and directors of the Advisor who are appointed annually. As of the date of this Prospectus, the Investment Committee has fourteen members. Investment strategies for the Portfolio are set by the Investment Committee, which meets on a regular basis and also as needed to consider investment issues. The Investment Committee also sets and reviews all investment-related policies and procedures and approves any changes in regards to approved countries, security types, and brokers.

In accordance with the team approach used to manage the Portfolio, the portfolio managers and portfolio traders implement the policies and procedures established by the Investment Committee. The portfolio managers and portfolio traders also make daily investment decisions regarding the Portfolio based on the parameters established by the Investment Committee. The individuals named in the Portfolio's "**INVESTMENT ADVISOR/PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT**" section coordinate the efforts of all other portfolio managers or trading personnel with respect to the day to day management of the Portfolio.

Mr. Plecha is a Senior Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor and a member of the Investment Committee. Mr. Plecha received his BS from the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor in 1983 and his MBA from

the University of California at Los Angeles in 1987. Mr. Plecha has been a portfolio manager since 1989 and responsible for the Portfolio since the end of 2010.

Mr. Kolerich is a Senior Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor and a member of the Investment Committee. Mr. Kolerich has an MBA from the University of Chicago Booth School of Business and a BS from Northern Illinois University. Mr. Kolerich joined the Advisor as a portfolio manager in 2001 and has been responsible for the Portfolio since 2012.

Mr. Hutchison is a Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor. Mr. Hutchison holds an MBA from Drake University and a BBA from Texas Tech University. Mr. Hutchison joined the Advisor in 2006, has been a portfolio manager since 2013, and has been responsible for the Portfolio since 2015.

The Portfolio's SAI provides information about each portfolio manager's compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio manager, and the portfolio manager's ownership of Fund shares.

The Advisor provides the Portfolio with a trading department and selects brokers and dealers to effect securities transactions. Securities transactions are placed with a view to obtaining best price and execution. The Advisor may pay compensation, out of the Advisor's profits and not as an additional charge to the Portfolio, to financial intermediaries to support the sale of Portfolio shares. The Advisor's address is 6300 Bee Cave Road, Building One, Austin, TX 78746. A discussion regarding the basis for the Board approving the new Investment Management Agreement with respect to the Portfolio is available in the semi-annual report for the Portfolio for the fiscal period ending April 30, 2018.

The Fund bears all of its own fees, expenses, charges, assessments, taxes, and other costs incurred in its operations, whether incurred directly by the Fund or incurred by the Advisor on its behalf. The expenses payable by the Fund shall include, but are not limited to: services of their independent registered public accounting firm, legal counsel to the Fund and its disinterested trustees/directors, fees and expenses of disinterested trustees/directors, employees and consultants, accounting and pricing costs (including the daily calculations of net asset value), brokerage fees, commissions and transfer taxes in connection with the acquisition and disposition of portfolio securities, taxes and other governmental fees levied against the Fund, insurance premiums, investment fees and expenses of the Fund, including the interest expense of borrowing money, the costs incidental to meetings of their shareholders and trustees/directors, the cost of filing their registration statements under the federal securities laws and the cost of any other filings required under federal and state securities laws, the costs of preparing, printing and mailing proxies, shareholder reports, prospectuses, statements of additional information and other fund documents, transfer and dividend disbursing agency, administrative services and custodian fees, including the expenses of issuing, repurchasing or redeeming their shares, fees and expenses of securities lending agents and the oversight of the securities lending activities of the Fund, fees and expenses associated with trade administration oversight services with respect to reconciliations and the oversight of settlement and collateral management, litigation, regulatory examinations/proceedings and other extraordinary or nonrecurring expenses, and other expenses properly payable by the Fund, except as provided in the Fee Waiver and Expense Assumption Agreement for certain portfolios of the Fund. Expenses allocable to a particular portfolio or class of a portfolio of the Fund are so allocated. The expenses of the Fund which are not allocable to a particular portfolio or class of a portfolio are borne by each portfolio or class of a portfolio on the basis of its relative net assets.

The Advisor has been engaged in the business of providing investment management services since May 1981. The Advisor is currently organized as a Delaware limited partnership and is controlled and operated by its general partner, Dimensional Holdings Inc., a Delaware corporation. The Advisor controls Dimensional Fund Advisors Ltd. ("DFAL") and DFA Australia Limited ("DFA Australia"). As of January 31, 2019, assets under management for all Dimensional affiliated advisors totaled approximately \$561 billion.

## MANAGEMENT FEES

The "Annual Fund Operating Expenses" table describes the fees incurred by the Portfolio for the services provided by the Advisor for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2018. The "Management Fee" listed in the table

for the Portfolio includes the investment management fee that was payable by the Portfolio to the Advisor. The costs of investing in the Subsidiary were less than 0.01% of the average net assets of the Portfolio and are included in the "Other Expenses" listed in the table. The Advisor, not the Portfolio, compensates the sub-advisors.

### ***Sub-Advisors***

The Advisor has entered into Sub-Advisory Agreements with Dimensional Fund Advisors Ltd. ("DFAL") and DFA Australia Limited ("DFA Australia"), respectively, with respect to the Portfolio. Pursuant to the terms of each Sub-Advisory Agreement, DFAL and DFA Australia each have the authority and responsibility to select brokers or dealers to execute securities transactions for the Portfolio. Each Sub-Advisor's duties include the maintenance of a trading desk and the determination of the best and most efficient means of executing securities transactions. On at least a semi-annual basis, the Advisor will review the holdings of the Portfolio and review the trading process and the execution of securities transactions. The Advisor is responsible for determining those securities that are eligible for purchase and sale by the Portfolio and may delegate this task, subject to its own review, to DFAL and DFA Australia. DFAL and DFA Australia maintain and furnish to the Advisor information and reports on securities of companies in certain markets, including recommendations of securities to be added to the securities that are eligible for purchase by the Portfolio, as well as making recommendations and elections on corporate actions. The Advisor controls DFAL and DFA Australia. DFA Australia has been a U.S. federally registered investment advisor since 1994 and is located at Level 43 Gateway, 1 Macquarie Place, Sydney, New South Wales 2000, Australia. DFAL has been a U.S. federally registered investment advisor since 1991 and is located at 20 Triton Street, Regent's Place, London NW13BF, United Kingdom.

### ***Manager of Managers Structure***

The Advisor and the Fund have received an exemptive order from the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") for a manager of managers structure that allows the Advisor to appoint, remove or change Dimensional Wholly-Owned Sub-advisors (defined below), and enter into, amend and terminate sub-advisory agreements with Dimensional Wholly-Owned Sub-advisors, without prior shareholder approval, but subject to Board approval. A "Dimensional Wholly-Owned Sub-advisor" includes (1) sub-advisors that are wholly-owned by the Advisor (i.e., an indirect or direct "wholly-owned subsidiary" (as such term is defined in the 1940 Act) of the Advisor), or (2) a sister company of the Advisor that is an indirect or direct "wholly-owned subsidiary" (as such term is defined in the 1940 Act) of the same company that, indirectly or directly, wholly owns the Advisor ("Dimensional Wholly-Owned Sub-advisors"). The Board only will approve a change with respect to sub-advisors if the Directors conclude that such arrangements would be in the best interests of the shareholders of the Portfolio. As described above, DFA Australia and/or DFAL, each a Dimensional Wholly-Owned Sub-advisor, currently serve as sub-advisors to the Portfolio. If a new Dimensional Wholly-Owned Sub-advisor is hired for the Portfolio, shareholders will receive information about the new sub-advisor within 90 days of the change. The exemptive order allows greater flexibility for the Advisor to utilize, if desirable, personnel throughout the worldwide organization enabling the Portfolio to operate more efficiently. The Advisor will not hire unaffiliated sub-advisors without prior shareholder approval and did not request the ability to do so in its application to the SEC for an exemptive order to allow the manager of managers structure.

The use of the manager of managers structure with respect to the Portfolio is subject to certain conditions set forth in the SEC exemptive order. Under the manager of managers structure, the Advisor has the ultimate responsibility, subject to oversight by the Board, to oversee the Dimensional Wholly-Owned Sub-advisors and recommend their hiring, termination and replacement. The Advisor will provide general management services to the Portfolio, including overall supervisory responsibility for the general management and investment of the Portfolio's assets. Subject to review and approval of the Board, the Advisor will (a) set the Portfolio's overall investment strategies, (b) evaluate, select, and recommend Dimensional Wholly-Owned Sub-advisors to manage all or a portion of the Portfolio's assets, and (c) implement procedures reasonably designed to ensure that Dimensional Wholly-Owned Sub-advisors comply with the Portfolio's investment objective, policies and restrictions. Subject to review by the Board, the Advisor will (a) when appropriate, allocate and reallocate the Portfolio's assets among multiple Dimensional Wholly-Owned Sub-advisors; and (b) monitor and evaluate the performance of Dimensional Wholly-Owned Sub-advisors.

## SHAREHOLDER SERVICES

On behalf of the Portfolio, the Fund may enter into shareholder servicing agreements with financial intermediaries to provide shareholder servicing, recordkeeping, account maintenance and other services to Institutional Class shareholders of the Portfolio. For the array of services provided to Institutional Class shareholders of the Portfolio, the Fund may pay such financial intermediaries a fee for such services. These expenses will be included in "Other Expenses" in the "Annual Fund Operating Expenses" table.

## FEE WAIVER AND EXPENSE ASSUMPTION AGREEMENT

Pursuant to an Amended and Restated Fee Waiver and/or Expense Assumption Agreement (the "Fee Waiver Agreement") for the Portfolio, the Advisor has contractually agreed to waive all or a portion of its management fee and to assume the expenses of a class of the Portfolio (including the expenses that the Portfolio bears as a shareholder of other funds managed by the Advisor but excluding the expenses that the Portfolio incurs indirectly through investment of its securities lending cash collateral in The DFA Short Term Investment Fund and its investment in unaffiliated investment companies) ("Portfolio Expenses") to the extent necessary to limit the Portfolio Expenses of a class of the Portfolio, on an annualized basis, to no more than 0.55% of the average net assets of a class of the Portfolio (the "Expense Limitation Amount"). At any time that the Portfolio Expenses of a class of the Portfolio are less than the Expense Limitation Amount of a class of the Portfolio, the Advisor retains the right to recover any fees previously waived and/or expenses previously assumed to the extent that the amount of such recovery will not cause the annualized Portfolio Expenses for such class of shares of the Portfolio to exceed the Expense Limitation Amount. The Portfolio is not obligated to reimburse the Advisor for fees previously waived or expenses previously assumed by the Advisor more than thirty-six months before the date of such reimbursement. The Fee Waiver Agreement for the Portfolio will remain in effect through February 28, 2020, and may only be terminated by the Fund's Board of Directors prior to that date. The Fee Waiver Agreement will continue in effect from year to year thereafter unless terminated by the Fund or the Advisor. Prior year waived and/or assumed expenses can be recaptured only if the expense ratio following such recapture would be less than the expense cap that was in place when such prior year expenses were waived and/or assumed, and less than the current expense cap in place for the Portfolio.

## Dividends, Capital Gains Distributions and Taxes

**Dividends and Distributions.** The Portfolio intends to qualify each year as a regulated investment company under the Code. As a regulated investment company, the Portfolio generally pays no federal income tax on the income and gains it distributes to you. Dividends from net investment income of the Portfolio are distributed quarterly (on a calendar basis) and any net realized capital gains (after any reductions for available capital loss carryforwards) are distributed annually, typically in December. The Portfolio may distribute such income dividends and capital gains more frequently, if necessary, in order to reduce or eliminate federal excise or income taxes on the Portfolio.

Capital gains distributions may vary considerably from year to year as a result of the Portfolio's normal investment activities and cash flows. During a time of economic volatility, the Portfolio may experience capital losses and unrealized depreciation in value of investments, the effect of which may be to reduce or eliminate capital gains distributions for a period of time. The Portfolio may be required to distribute taxable realized gains from a prior year, even if the Portfolio has a net realized loss for the year of distribution.

You will automatically receive all income dividends and capital gains distributions in additional shares of the Portfolio whose shares you hold at net asset value (as of the business date following the dividend record date), unless, upon written notice to the Advisor and completion of account information, you request to receive income dividends or capital gains distributions, or both, in cash.

**Annual Statements.** Each year, you will receive a statement that shows the tax status of distributions you received the previous calendar year. Distributions declared in December to shareholders of record in such month, but paid in January, are taxable as if they were paid in December.

**Avoid "Buying A Dividend."** At the time you purchase your Portfolio shares, the Portfolio's net asset value may reflect undistributed income or undistributed capital gains. A subsequent distribution to you of such amounts,

although constituting a return of your investment, would be taxable. Buying shares in the Portfolio just before it declares an income dividend or capital gains distribution is sometimes known as “buying a dividend.” In addition, the Portfolio’s net asset value may, at any time, reflect net unrealized appreciation, which may result in future taxable distributions to you.

**Tax Considerations.** This discussion of “**Tax Considerations**” should be read in conjunction with the remaining subsections below containing additional information.

In general, if you are a taxable investor, Portfolio distributions are taxable to you as ordinary income, capital gains, or some combination of both. This is true whether you reinvest your distributions in additional Portfolio shares or receive them in cash.

For federal income tax purposes, Portfolio distributions of short-term capital gains are taxable to you at ordinary income rates. Portfolio distributions of long-term capital gains are taxable to you at long-term capital gain rates no matter how long you have owned your shares. A portfolio with a high portfolio turnover rate (a measure of how frequently assets within a portfolio are bought and sold) is more likely to generate short-term capital gains than a portfolio with a low portfolio turnover. A portion of income dividends reported by the Portfolio as qualified dividend income may be eligible for taxation by individual shareholders at long-term capital gain rates provided certain requirements are met.

Compared to other types of investments, derivatives may be less tax efficient. For example, the use of derivatives by the Portfolio may cause the Portfolio to realize higher amounts of ordinary income or short-term capital gain, distributions from which are taxable to individual shareholders at ordinary income tax rates rather than at the more favorable tax rates for long-term capital gains. Changes in government regulation of derivative instruments could affect the character, timing and amount of the Portfolio’s taxable income or gains, and may limit or prevent the Portfolio from using certain types of derivative instruments as a part of its investment strategy. The Portfolio’s use of derivatives also may be limited by the requirements for taxation of the Portfolio as a regulated investment company.

If the Portfolio qualifies to pass through to you the tax benefits from foreign taxes it pays on its investments, and elects to do so, then any foreign taxes it pays on these investments will be treated as paid by you. You will then be entitled either to deduct your share of these taxes in computing your taxable income, or to claim a foreign tax credit for these taxes against your U.S. federal income tax (subject to limitations for certain shareholders).

*Sale or Redemption of Portfolio Shares.* The sale of shares of the Portfolio is a taxable event and may result in a capital gain or loss to you. Capital gain or loss may be realized from an ordinary redemption of shares or an exchange of shares between two Portfolios. Any loss incurred on the sale or exchange of the Portfolio’s shares, held for six months or less, will be treated as a long-term capital loss to the extent of capital gain dividends received with respect to such shares.

The Portfolio is required to report to you and the IRS annually on Form 1099-B not only the gross proceeds of Portfolio shares you sell or redeem but also the cost basis for shares you sell or redeem that were purchased or acquired on or after January 1, 2012. Cost basis will be calculated using the Portfolio’s default method of average cost, unless you instruct the Portfolio to use a different calculation method. Shareholders should carefully review the cost basis information provided by the Portfolio and make any additional basis, holding period or other adjustments that are required when reporting these amounts on their federal income tax returns. If your account is held by your investment representative (financial advisor or other broker), please contact that representative with respect to reporting of cost basis and available elections for your account. Tax-advantaged retirement accounts will not be affected.

*Medicare Tax.* An additional 3.8% Medicare tax is imposed on certain net investment income (including ordinary dividends and capital gain distributions received from the Portfolio and net gains from redemptions or other taxable dispositions of Portfolio shares) of U.S. individuals, estates and trusts to the extent that such person’s “modified adjusted gross income” (in the case of an individual) or “adjusted gross income” (in the case of an estate or trust) exceeds a threshold amount. This Medicare tax, if applicable, is reported by you on, and paid with, your federal income tax return.

*Backup Withholding.* By law, the Portfolio may be required to withhold 24% of taxable dividends, capital gains distributions, and redemption proceeds paid to you if you do not provide your proper taxpayer identification number and certain required certifications. You may avoid this withholding requirement by providing and certifying on the account registration form your correct Taxpayer Identification Number and by certifying that you are not subject to backup withholding and are a U.S. person (including a U.S. resident alien). The Portfolio must also withhold if the IRS instructs it to do so.

*State and Local Taxes.* In addition to federal taxes, you may be subject to state and local taxes on distributions from the Portfolio and on gains arising on redemption or exchange of the Portfolio's shares. Distributions of interest income and capital gains realized from certain types of U.S. Government securities may be exempt from state personal income taxes.

*Non-U.S. Investors.* Non-U.S. investors may be subject to U.S. withholding tax, at either the 30% statutory rate or a lower rate if you are a resident of a country that has a tax treaty with the U.S., and are subject to special U.S. tax certification requirements to avoid backup withholding and claim any treaty benefits. Exemptions from U.S. withholding tax are provided for certain capital gain dividends paid by the Portfolio from net long-term capital gains, if any, interest-related dividends paid by the Portfolio from its qualified net interest income from U.S. sources and short-term capital gain dividends, if such amounts are reported by the Portfolio. However, notwithstanding such exemptions from U.S. withholding at the source, any such dividends and distributions of income and capital gains will be subject to backup withholding at a rate of 24% if you fail to properly certify that you are not a U.S. person. Non-U.S. investors also may be subject to U.S. estate tax.

*Other Reporting and Withholding Requirements.* Under the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA"), the Portfolio will be required to withhold a 30% tax on income dividends made by the Portfolio, to certain foreign entities, referred to as foreign financial institutions or non-financial foreign entities, that fail to comply (or be deemed compliant) with extensive reporting and withholding requirements designed to inform the U.S. Department of the Treasury of U.S.-owned foreign investment accounts. After December 31, 2018, FACTA withholding also would have applied to certain capital gain distributions, return of capital distributions and the proceeds arising from the sale of Portfolio shares; however, based on proposed regulations issued by the IRS, which may be relied upon currently, such withholding is no longer required unless final regulations provide otherwise (which is not expected). The Portfolio may disclose the information that it receives from its shareholders to the IRS, non-U.S. taxing authorities or other parties as necessary to comply with FATCA or similar laws. Withholding also may be required if a foreign entity that is a shareholder of the Portfolio fails to provide the Portfolio with appropriate certifications or other documentation concerning its status under FATCA.

#### **SPECIAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS FOR INVESTORS THAT INVEST IN THE PORTFOLIO.**

The Portfolio's strategy of investing in the Subsidiary and commodity-linked derivatives may cause the Portfolio to recognize more ordinary income than would be the case if the Portfolio invested directly in commodities. Dividends paid by the Subsidiary to the Portfolio and interest income earned by the Portfolio on fixed income securities will not be qualified dividend income eligible for taxation at long-term capital gain rates.

***Investment in Commodities.*** The Portfolio must meet certain requirements under the Code for favorable tax treatment as a regulated investment company, relating to sources of its income and diversification of its assets. One of the requirements for favorable tax treatment as a regulated investment company is that the Portfolio must derive at least 90% of its gross income from certain qualifying sources of income. The Portfolio has obtained a private letter ruling from the IRS confirming that the income the Portfolio derives from a form of commodity-linked note and the Subsidiary constitutes qualifying income under the Code. In September 2016 the IRS announced that it will no longer issue private letter rulings on questions relating to the treatment of a corporation as a regulated investment company that require a determination of whether a financial instrument or position is a security under section 2(a)(36) of the 1940 Act. (A financial instrument or position that constitutes a security under section 2(a)(36) of the 1940 Act generates qualifying income for a corporation taxed as a regulated investment company.) In connection with this announcement, the IRS issued a letter to the Portfolio revoking the portion of the Portfolio's private letter ruling regarding the treatment of commodity-linked notes held directly by the Portfolio retroactively to all years open under the statute of limitations on assessment as of January 17, 2017 (the date of the letter). Despite the ruling, the Portfolio historically has not invested directly in commodity-linked



notes. As a result of the foregoing, the Portfolio may invest in commodity-linked notes only indirectly through the Subsidiary. Additionally, in September 2016, the IRS issued proposed regulations that would require the Subsidiary to distribute its "Subpart F" income (defined in Section 951 of the Code to include passive income such as income from commodity-linked derivatives) each year in order for the Portfolio to treat that income as qualifying income. If the Portfolio does not appropriately limit such investments or if such investments (or the income earned on such investments) were to be recharacterized for U.S. tax purposes, the Portfolio could fail to qualify as a regulated investment company. In lieu of disqualification, the Portfolio is permitted to pay a tax for certain failures to satisfy the asset diversification or income requirements, which, in general, are limited to those due to reasonable cause and not willful neglect. The Portfolio also intends to limit its investment in the Subsidiary to no more than 25% of the value of its total assets in order to satisfy the asset diversification requirement. For more information, please see the "TAXATION OF THE PORTFOLIO AND ITS SHAREHOLDERS" section in the Portfolio's SAI.

**This discussion of "DIVIDENDS, CAPITAL GAINS DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAXES" is not intended or written to be used as tax advice. Because everyone's tax situation is unique, you should consult your tax professional about federal, state, local, or foreign tax consequences before making an investment in the Portfolio. Prospective investors should also consult the SAI.**

## Purchase of Shares

### CASH PURCHASES

Investors who do not already have an agreement in place with the Fund may purchase Institutional Class shares of the Portfolio by first contacting the Portfolio's transfer agent at (888) 576-1167. Investors that invest through a financial intermediary should contact such intermediary with regard to purchase instructions. The Portfolio generally is available for investment only by institutional clients, clients of registered investment advisors, clients of financial institutions, and a limited number of certain other investors, each as approved from time to time by the Advisor ("Eligible Investors"). Eligible Investors include employees, former employees, shareholders and directors of the Advisor and the Fund and friends and family members of such persons. The Portfolio generally is available for investment only to U.S. citizens, U.S. residents, and U.S. domestic corporations, partnerships, trusts, or other entities. For purposes of this limitation, U.S. citizens and U.S. residents must reside in the U.S. and U.S. domestic corporations, partnerships, trusts, and other entities must have a U.S. address of record. All investments are subject to approval of the Advisor, and all investors must complete and submit the necessary account registration forms in good order. The Fund reserves the right to reject any initial or additional investment and to suspend the offering of shares of the Portfolio.

All purchases must be received in good order. "Good order" with respect to the purchase of shares means that (1) a fully completed and properly signed Account Registration Form and any additional supporting legal documentation required by the Advisor and/or transfer agent have been received in legible form, and (2) the transfer agent has been notified of the purchase, no later than the close of regular trading on the NYSE (normally, 4:00 p.m. ET) ("Market Close") on the day of the purchase. It is the investor or financial intermediary's responsibility to ensure notification is received in good order by the transfer agent prior to the Market Close on the purchase date.

Under certain conditions, the Portfolio may accept and process purchase orders after the close of the NYSE on days that the NYSE unexpectedly closes early and may accept orders on a business day that the NYSE is unexpectedly closed. All orders will be processed at the next determined net asset value per share.

### Payment

Payment of the total amount due should be made in U.S. dollars. If your payment is not received on settlement date, your purchase may be canceled. If an order to purchase shares must be canceled due to nonpayment, the purchaser will be responsible for any loss incurred by the Fund arising out of such cancellation. To recover any such loss, the Fund reserves the right to redeem shares owned by any purchaser whose order is canceled, and such purchaser may be prohibited or restricted in the manner of placing further orders.

### **Purchase by wire or check**

**Wire.** Investors having an account with a bank that is a member or a correspondent of a member of the Federal Reserve System may purchase shares by wire after providing notification to the transfer agent by an approved method. The transfer agent can be reached by phone at (888) 576-1167. Notification must include the account number, account name, Portfolio number, trade date and purchase amount. On or before settlement date, the investor paying by wire must request their bank to transmit immediately available funds (federal funds) by wire to the Fund's custodian for the account of DFA Investment Dimensions Group Inc. (specify the Portfolio). Additional investments also may be made through the wire procedure by first notifying the transfer agent. If your payment is not received on settlement date, your purchase may be canceled.

**Check.** Investors who wish to purchase shares of the Portfolio by check should first call the Portfolio's transfer agent at (888) 576-1167 for additional instructions. Checks should be made payable to Dimensional Funds. Reference the name of the Portfolio in which you wish to invest.

Shares also may be purchased and sold by individuals through securities firms that may charge a service fee or commission for such transactions. No such fee or commission is charged on shares that are purchased or redeemed directly from the Fund. Investors who are clients of investment advisory organizations may also be subject to investment advisory fees under their own arrangements with such organizations.

### **IN-KIND PURCHASES**

If accepted by the Fund, shares of the Portfolio may be purchased in exchange for securities that are eligible for acquisition by the Portfolio or otherwise represented in their portfolios as described in this Prospectus or as otherwise consistent with the Fund's policies or procedures or in exchange for local currencies in which such securities are denominated. Securities and local currencies accepted by the Fund for exchange and Fund shares to be issued in the exchange will be valued as set forth under "**VALUATION OF SHARES**" at the time of the next determination of net asset value after such acceptance. All dividends, interest, subscription, or other rights pertaining to such securities shall become the property of the Portfolio whose shares are being acquired and must be delivered to the Fund by the investor upon receipt from the issuer. Investors who desire to purchase shares of the Portfolio with local currencies should first contact the Advisor.

The Fund will not accept securities in exchange for shares of the Portfolio unless: (1) such securities are, at the time of the exchange, eligible to be included, or otherwise represented, in the Portfolio and current market values are available for such securities based on the Fund's valuation procedures; (2) the investor represents and agrees that all securities offered to be exchanged are not subject to any restrictions upon their sale by the Portfolio under the Securities Act of 1933 or under the laws of the country in which the principal market for such securities exists, or otherwise; and (3) at the discretion of the Fund, the value of any such security (except U.S. government securities) being exchanged, together with other securities of the same issuer owned by the Portfolio, may not exceed 5% of the net assets of the Portfolio immediately after the transaction.

A gain or loss for federal income tax purposes will generally be realized by investors who are subject to federal taxation upon the exchange, depending upon the cost of the securities or local currency exchanged. Investors interested in such exchanges should contact the Advisor. Purchases of shares will be made in full and fractional shares calculated to three decimal places. In the interest of economy and convenience, certificates for shares will not be issued.

## **Policy Regarding Excessive or Short-term Trading**

The Portfolio is designed for long-term investors and is not intended for investors that engage in excessive short-term trading activity that may be harmful to the Portfolio, including but not limited to market timing. Short-term or excessive trading into and out of the Portfolio can disrupt portfolio management strategies, harm performance and increase Portfolio expenses for all shareholders, including long-term shareholders who do not generate these costs.



In addition, the nature of the holdings of the Portfolio may present opportunities for a shareholder to engage in a short-term trading strategy that exploits possible delays between changes in the price of the Portfolio's holdings and the reflection of those changes in the Portfolio's net asset value (called "arbitrage market timing"). Such delays may occur because the Portfolio has significant investments in foreign securities where, due to time zone differences, the values of those securities are established some time before the Portfolio calculates its net asset value. In such circumstances, the available market prices for such foreign securities may not accurately reflect the latest indications of value at the time the Portfolio calculates its net asset value. There is a possibility that arbitrage market timing may dilute the value of the Portfolio's shares if redeeming shareholders receive proceeds (and purchasing shareholders receive shares) based upon a net asset value that does not reflect appropriate fair value prices.

The Board has adopted a policy (the "Trading Policy") and the Advisor and DFA Securities LLC (collectively, "Dimensional") and Dimensional's agents have implemented the following procedures, which are designed to discourage and prevent market timing or excessive short-term trading in the Fund: (i) trade activity monitoring and purchase blocking procedures; and (ii) use of fair value pricing.

The Fund, Dimensional and their agents monitor trades and flows of money in and out of the Portfolio from time to time in an effort to detect excessive short-term trading activities, and for consistent enforcement of the Trading Policy. The Fund reserves the right to take the actions necessary to stop excessive or disruptive trading activities, including refusing or canceling purchase or exchange orders for any reason, without prior notice, particularly purchase or exchange orders that the Fund believes are made on behalf of market timers. The Fund, Dimensional and their agents reserve the right to restrict, refuse or cancel any purchase or exchange request made by an investor indefinitely if the Fund or Dimensional believe that any combination of trading activity in the accounts is potentially disruptive to the Portfolio. In making such judgments, the Fund and Dimensional seek to act in a manner that is consistent with the interests of shareholders. For purposes of applying these procedures, Dimensional may consider an investor's trading history in the Portfolio, and accounts under common ownership, influence, or control.

In addition to the Fund's general ability to restrict potentially disruptive trading activity as described above, the Fund also has adopted purchase blocking procedures. Under the Fund's purchase blocking procedures, where an investor has engaged in any two purchases and two redemptions (including redemptions that are part of an exchange transaction) in the Portfolio in any rolling 30 calendar day monitoring period (i.e., two "round trips"), the Fund and Dimensional intend to block the investor from making any additional purchases in the Portfolio for 90 calendar days (a "purchase block"). If implemented, a purchase block will begin at some point after the transaction that caused the investor to have engaged in the prohibited two round-trips is detected by the Fund, Dimensional, or their agents. The Fund and Dimensional are permitted to implement a longer purchase block, or permanently bar future purchases by an investor, if they determine that it is appropriate.

Under the Fund's purchase blocking procedures, the following purchases and redemptions will not trigger a purchase block: (i) purchases and redemptions of shares having a value in each transaction of less than \$25,000; (ii) purchases and redemptions by U.S.-registered investment companies that operate as fund of funds and non-U.S. investment companies that operate as fund of funds that the Fund or Dimensional, in their sole discretion, have determined are not designed and/or are not serving as vehicles for excessive short-term or other disruptive trading (in each case, the fund of funds shall agree to be subject to monitoring by Dimensional); (iii) purchases and redemptions by a feeder portfolio of a master fund's shares; (iv) systematic or automated transactions where the shareholder, financial advisor or investment fiduciary does not exercise direct control over the investment decision; (v) retirement plan contributions, loans, loan repayments and distributions (including hardship withdrawals) identified as such in the retirement plan recordkeeper's system; (vi) purchase transactions involving transfers of assets, rollovers, Roth IRA conversions and IRA recharacterizations; (vii) purchases of shares with Portfolio dividends or capital gain distributions; (viii) transfers and reregistrations of shares within the same Portfolio; and (ix) transactions by 529 Plans. Notwithstanding the Fund's purchase blocking procedures, all transactions in Portfolio shares are subject to the right of the Fund and Dimensional to restrict potentially disruptive trading activity (including purchases and redemptions described above that will not be subject to the purchase blocking procedures).

The Fund, Dimensional or their designees will have the ability, pursuant to Rule 22c-2 under the 1940 Act, to request information from financial intermediaries, such as 401(k) plan administrators, trust companies and broker dealers (together, "Intermediaries"), concerning trades placed in omnibus and other multi-investor accounts (together, "Omnibus Accounts"), in order to attempt to monitor trades that are placed by the underlying shareholders of these Omnibus Accounts. The Fund, Dimensional and their designees will use the information obtained from the Intermediaries to monitor trading in the Fund and to attempt to identify shareholders in Omnibus Accounts engaged in trading that is inconsistent with the Trading Policy or otherwise not in the best interests of the Fund. The Fund, Dimensional or their designees, when they detect trading patterns in shares of the Fund that may constitute short-term or excessive trading, will provide written instructions to the Intermediary to restrict or prohibit further purchases or exchanges of shares of the Portfolio by a shareholder that has been identified as having engaged in excessive or short-term transactions in the Portfolio's shares (directly or indirectly through the Intermediary's account) that violate the Trading Policy.

The ability of the Fund and Dimensional to impose these limitations, including the purchase blocking procedures, on investors investing through Intermediaries is dependent on the receipt of information necessary to identify transactions by the underlying investors and the Intermediary's cooperation in implementing the Trading Policy. Investors seeking to engage in excessive short-term trading practices may deploy a variety of strategies to avoid detection, and despite the efforts of the Fund and Dimensional to prevent excessive short-term trading, there is no assurance that the Fund, Dimensional or their agents will be able to identify those shareholders or curtail their trading practices. The ability of the Fund, Dimensional and their agents to detect and limit excessive short-term trading also may be restricted by operational systems and technological limitations.

Transactions in certain rebalancing programs and asset allocation programs, or fund-of-funds products, may be exempt from the Trading Policy subject to approval by the CCO. In addition, the purchase blocking procedures will not apply to a redemption transaction in which the Portfolio distributes portfolio securities to a shareholder in-kind, where the redemption will not disrupt the efficient portfolio management of the Portfolio, and the redemption is consistent with the interests of the remaining shareholders of the Portfolio.

The purchase blocking procedures of the Trading Policy do not apply to shareholders whose shares are held on the books of certain Intermediaries that have not expressly adopted procedures to implement this Policy. The Fund and Dimensional may work with Intermediaries to implement purchase blocking procedures or other procedures that the Fund and Dimensional determine are reasonably designed to achieve the objective of this Trading Policy. At the time the Intermediaries adopt these procedures, shareholders whose accounts are on the books of such Intermediaries will be subject to the Trading Policy's purchase blocking procedures or another frequent trading policy that achieves the objective of the purchase blocking procedures. Investors that invest in the Portfolio through an Intermediary should contact the Intermediary for information concerning the policies and procedures that apply to the investor.

As of the date of this Prospectus, the ability of the Fund and Dimensional to apply the purchase blocking procedures on purchases by all investors and the ability of the Fund and Dimensional to monitor trades through Omnibus Accounts maintained by Intermediaries may be restricted due to systems limitations of the Fund's service providers and the Intermediaries. The Fund expects that the application of the Trading Policy as described above, including the purchase blocking procedures (subject to the limitations described above), will be able to be implemented by Intermediaries in compliance with Rule 22c-2 under the 1940 Act.

In addition to monitoring trade activity, the Board has adopted fair value pricing procedures that govern the pricing of the securities of the Portfolio. These procedures are designed to help ensure that the prices at which Portfolio shares are purchased and redeemed are fair, and do not result in dilution of shareholder interests or other harm to shareholders. See the discussion under "**VALUATION OF SHARES—Net Asset Value**" for additional details regarding fair value pricing of the Portfolio's securities.

Although the procedures are designed to discourage excessive short-term trading, none of the procedures individually nor all of the procedures taken together can completely eliminate the possibility that excessive short-term trading activity in the Portfolio may occur. The Portfolio does not knowingly accommodate excessive or disruptive trading activities, including market timing.

# Valuation of Shares

## NET ASSET VALUE

The net asset value per share of the Portfolio is calculated after the close of the NYSE (normally, 4:00 p.m. ET) by dividing the total value of the investments and other assets of the Portfolio less any liabilities, by the total outstanding shares of the stock of the Portfolio. *Note:* The time at which transactions and shares are priced may be changed in case of an emergency or if the NYSE closes at a time other than 4:00 p.m. ET.

The value of the shares of the Portfolio will fluctuate in relation to its own investment experience. Securities held by the Portfolio will be valued in accordance with applicable laws and procedures adopted by the Board, and generally, as described below.

Debt securities will be valued on the basis of prices provided by one or more pricing services or other reasonably reliable sources including broker/dealers that typically handle the purchase and sale of such securities. Securities which are traded over-the-counter and on a stock exchange generally will be valued according to the broadest and most representative market, and it is expected that for bonds and other fixed income securities, this ordinarily will be the over-the-counter market.

The value of the securities and other assets of the Portfolio for which no market quotations are readily available (including restricted securities), or for which market quotations have become unreliable, are determined in good faith at fair value in accordance with procedures adopted by the Board. Fair value pricing may also be used if events that have a significant effect on the value of an investment (as determined in the discretion of the Advisor) occur before the net asset value is calculated. When fair value pricing is used, the prices of securities used by the Portfolio may differ from the quoted or published prices for the same securities on their primary markets or exchanges.

Valuing securities at fair value involves greater reliance on judgment than valuing securities that have readily available market quotations. There can be no assurance that the Portfolio could obtain the fair value assigned to a security if the Portfolio were to sell the security at approximately the time at which the Portfolio determines its net asset value per share. As a result, the sale or redemption by the Portfolio of its shares at net asset value, at a time when a holding or holdings are valued at fair value, may have the effect of diluting or increasing the economic interest of existing shareholders.

The net asset value per share of the Portfolio is expressed in U.S. dollars by translating the net assets of the Portfolio using the mean of the most recent bid and asked prices for the dollar as quoted by generally recognized reliable sources. Because the Portfolio owns securities which are primarily listed on foreign exchanges that may trade on days when the Portfolio does not price its shares, the net asset values of the Portfolio may change on days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or redeem shares.

The Portfolio generally calculates its net asset value per share and accepts purchase and redemption orders on days that the NYSE is open for trading. The Portfolio's net asset value per share is readily available online at [http://www.dfaus.com/portfolios/commodity\\_port/](http://www.dfaus.com/portfolios/commodity_port/).

Certain of the securities holdings of the Portfolio in foreign markets may be subject to tax, investment, and currency repatriation regulations of the foreign markets that could have a material effect on the values of the securities. For example, such funds might be subject to different levels of taxation on current income and realized gains depending upon the holding period of the securities. In general, a longer holding period (e.g., 5 years) may result in the imposition of lower tax rates than a shorter holding period (e.g., 1 year). The Portfolio may also be subject to certain contractual arrangements with investment authorities in a foreign market that require the Portfolio to maintain minimum holding periods or to limit the extent of repatriation of income and realized gains.

Futures contracts are valued using the settlement price established each day on the exchange on which they are traded. The value of such futures contracts held by the Portfolio is determined each day as of such close. Swap agreements will be valued at the price provided by an independent third-party pricing service or source. If a price is not available from an independent third-party pricing service or source, the swap agreement will be valued in

good faith at fair value in accordance with procedures adopted by the Board. Structured note agreements are valued in accordance with a dealer-supplied valuation based on changes in the value of the underlying index.

The Subsidiary is subject to the same valuation procedures as the Portfolio.

#### **PUBLIC OFFERING PRICE**

Provided that the transfer agent has received the investor's purchase order in good order, as described in "**PURCHASE OF SHARES**," shares of the Portfolio selected will be priced at the public offering price, which is the net asset value of the shares next determined after receipt of such order. The transfer agent or the Fund, from time to time, may appoint sub-transfer agents or various financial intermediaries ("Intermediaries") for the receipt of purchase orders, redemption orders, and funds from certain investors. Intermediaries, in turn, are authorized to designate other financial intermediaries ("Sub-designees") to receive purchase and redemption orders for the Portfolio's shares from investors. With respect to such investors, the shares of the Portfolio selected will be priced at the public offering price calculated after receipt of the purchase order by the Intermediary or Sub-designee, as applicable, that is authorized to receive purchase orders. If the investor buys shares through an Intermediary or a Sub-designee, the purchase price will be the public offering price next calculated after the Intermediary or Sub-designee, as applicable, receives the order, rather than on the day the custodian receives the investor's payment (provided that the Intermediary or Sub-designee, as applicable, has received the investor's purchase order in good order, and the investor has complied with the Intermediary's or Sub-designee's payment procedures). No reimbursement fee or sales charge is imposed on purchases. If an order to purchase shares must be canceled due to non-payment, the purchaser will be responsible for any loss incurred by the Portfolio arising out of such cancellation. The Fund reserves the right to redeem shares owned by any purchaser whose order is canceled to recover any resulting loss to the Portfolio and may prohibit or restrict the manner in which such purchaser may place further orders.

## Exchange of Shares

Investors may exchange Institutional Class shares of the Portfolio for Institutional Class shares of another eligible portfolio by first contacting the Portfolio's transfer agent at (888) 576-1167 to notify the transfer agent of the proposed exchange, and then sending a letter of instruction to the transfer agent by an approved method. Shareholders that invest in the Portfolio through a financial intermediary should contact their financial intermediary for information regarding exchanges.

Exchanges are accepted into those Portfolios that are eligible for the exchange privilege, subject to the purchase requirement set forth in the applicable Portfolio's prospectus. Investors may contact the transfer agent at the above-listed phone number for more information on such exchanges, for a list of those Portfolios that accept exchanges, and to request a copy of the prospectuses of other Portfolios of the Fund or Dimensional Investment Group Inc. that may be offered in an exchange. There is no fee imposed on an exchange. However, the Fund reserves the right to impose an administrative fee in order to cover the costs incurred in processing an exchange. Any such fee will be disclosed in the Prospectus. An exchange is treated as a redemption and a purchase. Therefore, an investor could realize a taxable gain or a loss on the transaction. The Fund reserves the right to revise or terminate the exchange privilege, or limit the amount of or reject any exchange, as deemed necessary, at any time.

The exchange privilege is not intended to afford shareholders a way to speculate on short-term movements in the markets. Accordingly, in order to prevent excessive use of the exchange privilege that may potentially disrupt the management of the Portfolio or otherwise adversely affect the Fund, any proposed exchange will be subject to the approval of the Advisor. Such approval will depend on: (i) the size of the proposed exchange; (ii) the prior number of exchanges by that shareholder; (iii) the nature of the underlying securities and the cash position of the portfolios involved in the proposed exchange; (iv) the transaction costs involved in processing the exchange; and (v) the total number of redemptions by exchange already made out of the Portfolio. Excessive use of the exchange privilege is defined as any pattern of exchanges among portfolios by an investor that evidences market timing.

The redemption and purchase prices of shares redeemed and purchased by exchange, respectively, are the net asset values next determined after the transfer agent has received a letter of instruction in good order. "Good order" means a completed letter of instruction specifying the dollar amount to be exchanged, signed by all registered owners (or representatives thereof) of the shares; and if the Fund does not have on file the authorized signatures for the account, proof of authority. Exchanges will be accepted only if the shares of the Portfolio being acquired are registered in the investor's state of residence.

## Redemption of Shares

### REDEMPTION PROCEDURE

Investors who desire to redeem shares of the Portfolio must first contact the Portfolio's transfer agent at (888) 576-1167. Shareholders who invest in the Portfolio through a financial intermediary should contact their financial intermediary regarding redemption procedures. The Portfolio will redeem shares at the net asset value of such shares next determined, after receipt of a written request for redemption in good order, by the transfer agent (or by an Intermediary or a Sub-designee, if applicable). "Good order" means that the request to redeem shares must include all necessary documentation, to be received in writing by the transfer agent no later than the close of regular trading on the NYSE (normally, 4:00 p.m. ET) ("Market Close"), including but not limited to, a letter of instruction specifying the number of shares or dollar amount to be redeemed, signed by all registered owners (or representatives thereof) of the shares and, if the Fund does not have on file the authorized signatures for the account, proof of authority. It is the investor or financial intermediary's responsibility to ensure notification is received in good order by the transfer agent prior to the Market Close on the redemption date.

Under certain conditions, the Portfolio may accept and process redemption orders after the close of the NYSE on days that the NYSE unexpectedly closes early and may accept orders on a business day that the NYSE is unexpectedly closed. All orders will be processed at the next determined net asset value per share.

Shareholders redeeming shares who do not already have an agreement in place with the Fund and have authorized redemption payment by wire in writing, may request that redemption proceeds be paid in federal funds wired to the bank they have designated in writing. The Fund reserves the right to send redemption proceeds by check in its discretion; a shareholder may request overnight delivery of such check at the shareholder's own expense. If the proceeds are to be wired to a bank account that differs from the standing instructions on file, or paid by check to an address other than the address of record, the transfer agent may request a Medallion Signature Guarantee. If the proceeds are wired to the shareholder's account at a bank that is not a member of the Federal Reserve System, there could be a delay in crediting the funds to the shareholder's bank account. The Fund reserves the right at any time to suspend or terminate the redemption by wire procedure after prior notification to shareholders. No fee is charged for redemptions. The redemption of all shares in an account will result in the account being closed. A new Account Registration Form will be required for future investments. See "**PURCHASE OF SHARES.**" In the interests of economy and convenience, certificates for shares are not issued.

For redemption proceeds that are paid directly to a shareholder by a Portfolio, each Portfolio typically expects to send (via check, wire or automated clearing house) redemption payments within 1 business day after receipt of a written request for redemption in good order by the transfer agent. For payments that are made to an intermediary for transmittal to a shareholder, each Portfolio expects to pay redemption proceeds to the intermediary within 1 to 2 business days following the Portfolio's receipt of the redemption order from the intermediary. Under certain circumstances and when deemed in the best interest of the Portfolio redemption proceeds may take up to seven calendar days to be sent after receipt of the redemption request. In addition, with respect to investors redeeming shares that were purchased by check, payment will not be made until the Fund can verify that the payments for the purchase have been, or will be, collected, which may take up to ten days or more. Investors may avoid this delay by submitting a certified check along with the purchase order.

Redemption proceeds will typically be paid by Federal Reserve wire payment. The Portfolio typically expects to satisfy redemption requests from available cash and cash equivalents or the sale of portfolio assets. In certain circumstances, such as stressed market conditions, the Portfolio may use other methods to meet redemptions,

including the use of a line of credit or participating in an interfund lending program in reliance on exemptive relief from the SEC. In addition, as described below, the Portfolio reserves the right to meet redemption requests through an in-kind redemption, typically in response to a particularly large redemption, at the request of a client or in stressed market conditions. Also, see "Redemption and Transfer of Shares" in the SAI for information regarding redemption requests that exceed \$250,000 or 1% of the value of the Portfolio's assets, whichever is less.

#### **REDEMPTION OF SMALL ACCOUNTS**

The Fund reserves the right to redeem an account if the value of the shares in the Portfolio is \$500 or less. Before the Fund involuntarily redeems shares from such an account and sends the proceeds to the stockholder, the Fund will give written notice of the redemption to the stockholder at least sixty days before the redemption date. The stockholder will then have sixty days from the date of the notice to make an additional investment in order to bring the value of the shares in the account for the Portfolio to more than \$500 and avoid such involuntary redemption. The redemption price to be paid to a stockholder for shares redeemed by the Fund under this right will be the aggregate net asset value of the shares in the account at the close of business on the redemption date.

#### **IN-KIND REDEMPTIONS**

When in the best interests of the Portfolio, the Portfolio may make a redemption payment, in whole or in part, by a distribution of portfolio securities that the Portfolio owns in lieu of cash. Such distributions may be pro rata or another method that is determined to be fair to both the redeeming shareholder and the remaining shareholders in accordance with policies and procedures adopted by the Fund. The securities that the investor receives as redemption proceeds are subject to market risk until the investor liquidates those securities, and, if the proceeds include illiquid securities, the investor will bear the risk of not being able to sell the securities at all. Investors also may incur brokerage charges and other transaction costs selling securities that were received in payment of redemptions. The Portfolio reserves the right to redeem its shares in the currencies in which its investments are denominated. Investors may incur charges in converting such securities to dollars and the value of the securities may be affected by currency exchange fluctuations.

## Disclosure of Portfolio Holdings

The Portfolio generally will disclose up to its 25 largest portfolio holdings (other than cash and cash equivalents) and the percentages that each of these largest portfolio holdings represent of the total assets of the Portfolio, as of the most recent month-end, online at the Advisor's public website, <http://us.dimension.com>, within 20 days after the end of each month. The Portfolio also generally will disclose its complete portfolio holdings (other than cash and cash equivalents), as of month-end, online at the Advisor's public website, 30 days following the month-end or more frequently and at different periods when authorized in accordance with the Portfolio's policies and procedures. Please consult the SAI for a description of the other policies and procedures that govern disclosure of the portfolio holdings by the Portfolio.

## Delivery of Shareholder Documents

To eliminate duplicate mailings and reduce expenses, the Portfolio may deliver a single copy of certain shareholder documents, such as this Prospectus and annual and semi-annual reports, to related shareholders at the same address, even if accounts are registered in different names. This practice is known as "householding." The Portfolio will not household personal information documents, such as account statements. If you do not want the mailings of these documents to be combined with other members of your household, please call the transfer agent at (888) 576-1167. We will begin sending individual copies of the shareholder documents to you within 30 days of receiving your request.

## Financial Highlights

The Financial Highlights table is meant to help you understand the Portfolio's financial performance for the period of the Portfolio's operations, as indicated by the table. The total returns in the table represent the rate that you would have earned (or lost) on an investment in the Portfolio, assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions. This information has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, whose report, along with the Portfolio's financial statements, is included in the annual report. Further information about the Portfolio's performance is contained in the annual report, which is available upon request.

# DFA Investment Dimensions Group Inc.

## Consolidated Financial Highlights

(For a share outstanding throughout each period)

	DFA Commodity Strategy Portfolio				
	Year Ended Oct. 31, 2018	Year Ended Oct. 31, 2017	Year Ended Oct. 31, 2016	Year Ended Oct. 31, 2015	Year Ended Oct. 31, 2014
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$ 5.98	\$ 5.88	\$ 5.93	\$ 8.00	\$ 8.30
<b>Income From Investment Operations</b>					
Net Investment Income (Loss)#	0.10	0.07	0.05	0.05	0.06
Net Gains (Losses) on Securities (Realized and Unrealized)	(0.25)	0.11	(0.07)	(2.05)	(0.31)
Total From Investment Operations	(0.15)	0.18	(0.02)	(2.00)	(0.25)
<b>Less Distributions</b>					
Net Investment Income	(0.15)	(0.08)	(0.03)	(0.06)	(0.04)
Net Realized Gains	—	—	—	(0.01)	(0.01)
Total Distributions	(0.15)	(0.08)	(0.03)	(0.07)	(0.05)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$ 5.68	\$ 5.98	\$ 5.88	\$ 5.93	\$ 8.00
Total Return	(2.43)%	3.15%	(0.26)%	(25.16)%	(3.08)%
Net Assets, End of Period (thousands)	\$1,995,988	\$1,728,321	\$1,598,097	\$1,207,071	\$1,194,191
Ratio of Expenses to Average Net Assets	0.32%	0.33%	0.33%	0.34%	0.33%
Ratio of Expenses to Average Net Assets (Excluding Fees (Waived), (Expenses Reimbursed), and/or Previously Waived Fees Recovered by Advisor and Fees Paid Indirectly)	0.39%	0.39%	0.40%	0.40%	0.39%
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	1.61%	1.17%	0.95%	0.77%	0.65%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	78%	102%	159%	124%	104%

# Computed using average shares outstanding.



[THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

[THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]



### Other Available Information

You can find more information about the Fund and the Portfolio in the Fund's SAI and Annual and Semi-Annual Reports.

### Statement of Additional Information

The SAI supplements, and is technically part of, this Prospectus. It includes an expanded discussion of investment practices, risks, and fund operations.

### Annual and Semi-Annual Reports to Shareholders

These reports focus on Portfolio holdings and performance.

The Annual Report also discusses the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Portfolio in its last fiscal year.

### How to get these and other materials:

- Your investment advisor—you are a client of an investment advisor who has invested in the Portfolios on your behalf.
- The Fund—you represent an institutional investor, registered investment advisor or other qualifying investor. Call collect at (512) 306-7400.
- Access them on our Web site at <http://us.dimensionalfund.com>.
- Access them on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>.
- Obtain them, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov).

**DFA Investment Dimensions Group Inc.—Registration No. 811-3258**

**Dimensional Fund Advisors LP**  
6300 Bee Cave Road, Building One  
Austin, TX 78746  
(512) 306-7400

RRD022819-042

